Encl. September 17, 2020

# HORSEHEADS CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

# **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

For Year Ended June 30, 2020

MENGEL METZGER BARR & CO. LLP Raymond F. Wager, CPA, P.C. DIVISION

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Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

# MENGEL METZGER BARR & CO. LLP

Raymond F. Wager, CPA, P.C. division

# **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

To the Board of Education Horseheads Central School District, New York

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Horseheads Central School District, New York, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Horseheads Central School District, New York, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of funding progress postemployment benefit plan, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of District contributions, and budgetary comparison information on pages 4–13 and 48– 52 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### **Other Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Horseheads Central School District, New York's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplemental information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplemental information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplemental information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 15, 2020 on our consideration of the Horseheads Central School District, New York's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Horseheads Central School District, New York's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rochester, New York September 15, 2020

Mongel, Metzger, Barn & Co. LLP

# **Horseheads Central School District**

#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

#### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

The following is a discussion and analysis of the School District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. This section is a summary of the School District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, and/or conditions. It is also based on both the government-wide and fund-based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the School District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

#### **Financial Highlights**

At the close of the fiscal year, the total liabilities plus deferred inflows (what the district owes) exceeded its total assets plus deferred outflows (what the district owns) by (\$114,762,956) (net position) increasing the deficit net position by \$7,782,591.

As of the close of the fiscal year, the School District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of (\$3,168,686), a decrease of \$20,701,949 in comparison with the prior year as a result of the capital project expenditures creating a deficit capital projects fund balance.

General revenues which include Real Property Taxes, State and Federal Aid, Investment Earnings, Compensation for Loss, and Miscellaneous accounted for \$76,989,432 or 95% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of Charges for services, Operating Grants and Contributions, and Capital Grants and Contributions accounted for \$4,162,879 or 5% of total revenues.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School District's basic financial statements. The School District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains individual fund statements and schedules in addition to the basic financial statements.

# Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the School District's assets plus deferred outflow of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflow of resources, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The *governmental* activities of the School District include instruction, pupil transportation, cost of food sales, general administrative support, community service, and interest on long-term debt.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on the pages immediately following this section as the first two pages of the basic financial statements.

# Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All of the funds of the School District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

*Governmental funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the School District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The School District maintains six individual governmental funds; General Fund, Special Aid Fund, School Lunch Fund, Debt Service Fund, Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund and Capital Projects Fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the general fund and the capital projects funds which are reported as major funds. Data for the special aid fund, the school lunch fund, the debt service fund, and the miscellaneous special revenue fund are aggregated into a single column reported as non-major funds.

The School District adopts and voters approve an annual budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund within the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The *Fiduciary Funds* are used to account for assets held by the School District in an agency capacity which accounts for assets held by the School District on behalf of others. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of these funds are *not* available to support the School District's programs.

The financial statements for the governmental and fiduciary funds can be found in the basic financial statement section of this report.

	Major Feature of the District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements				
	Government-Wide	Fund Financial Statements			
	Statements	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds		
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the School District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance	Instances in which the School District administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarship programs and student activities monies		
Required financial statements	Statement of net position Statement of activities	Balance sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance	Statement of fiduciary net position statement of changes in fiduciary net position		
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus		
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally, assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can		
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid		

# Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found following the basic financial statement section of this report.

# **Government-Wide Statements**

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all the School District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position, the difference between the District's assets plus deferred outflow of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflow of resources, is one way to measure the District's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively. Additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the school buildings and facilities must also be considered to assess the District's overall health.

All of the District's services are reported in the government-wide financial statements as governmental activities. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property taxes, federal and state aid, and investment earnings finance most of these activities.

# Financial Analysis of the School District As A Whole

#### Net Position

The District's combined net position were smaller on June 30, 2020, than they were the year before, decreasing to (\$114,762,956) as shown in table below.

				Total		
		<b>Governmental Activities</b>			<b>Variance</b>	
ASSETS:		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>		
Current and Other Assets	\$	73,791,193	\$	53,767,490	\$	20,023,703
Capital Assets		87,988,259		67,605,627		20,382,632
Total Assets	\$	161,779,452	\$	121,373,117	\$	40,406,335
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u>:</u>					
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	57,934,824	\$	21,806,568	\$	36,128,256
LIABILITIES:						
Long-Term Debt Obligations	\$	231,865,796	\$	200,711,624	\$	31,154,172
Other Liabilities		72,828,203		33,424,619		39,403,584
Total Liabilities	\$	304,693,999	\$	234,136,243	\$	70,557,756
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:</b>						
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	29,783,233	\$	16,023,807	\$	13,759,426
NET POSITION:						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	55,267,230	\$	53,750,511	\$	1,516,719
Restricted For,						
Debt Service Reserve		4,344,456		3,873,909		470,547
Reserve for ERS		3,517,160		3,948,080		(430,920)
Capital Reserve		5,039,814		5,030,543		9,271
Other Purposes		3,199,104		2,737,770		461,334
Unrestricted		(186,130,720)		(176,321,178)		(9,809,542)
<b>Total Net Position</b>	\$	(114,762,956)	\$	(106,980,365)	\$	(7,782,591)

The District's financial position is the product of many factors.

By far, the largest component of the School District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The School District uses these capital assets to provide services to the students and consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the School District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

There are four restricted net asset balances, Capital Reserves, Debt Service, Reserve for ERS, and Other Purposes.

### Key Factors in the Variances are as follows

- Current and Other Assets cash and cash equivalents increased due to unspent cash from the bond anticipation note.
- Capital Assets significant capital outlay due to capital project.
- Deferred Outflow and Inflow Increases due to the change in expected vs. actual experience, assumptions, proportions, and actual and expected earnings for OPEB and pension systems.
- Long-Term Obligations OPEB obligation increased 29 million while the ERS pension liability increased 3.8 million.
- Other Liabilities BAN's payable increased 36 million relating to the capital project.
- Unrestricted Net Position result of the change in the OPEB obligation.

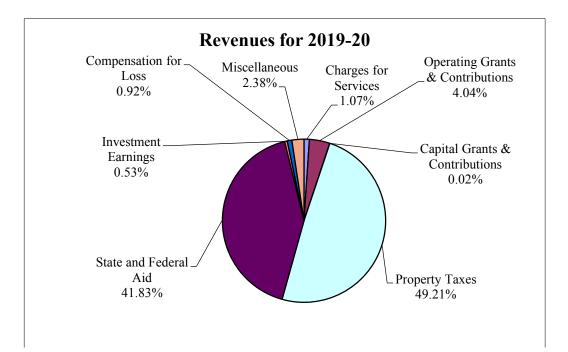
#### **Changes in Net Asset**

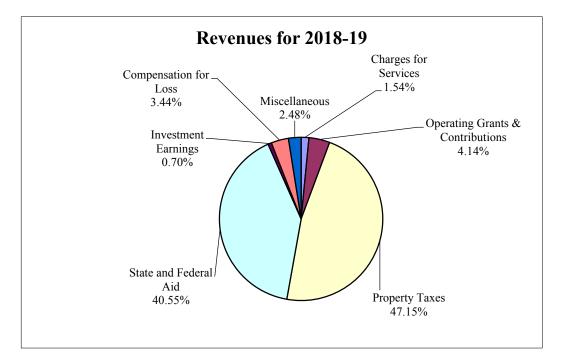
The District's total revenue decreased to \$81,152,311. State and federal aid 42% and property taxes 49% accounted for most of the District's revenue. The remaining 9% of the revenue comes from operating grants, capital grants, charges for services, investment earnings, compensation for loss, and miscellaneous revenues.

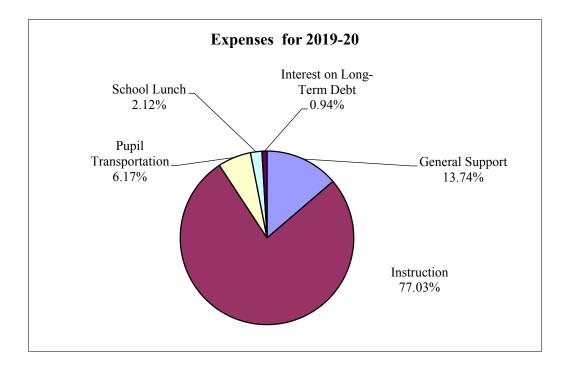
The total cost of all the programs and services increased to \$88,934,902. The District's expenses are predominately related to education and caring for the students 77%. General support which included expenses associated with the operation, maintenance and administration of the District accounted for 14% of the total costs. See table below:

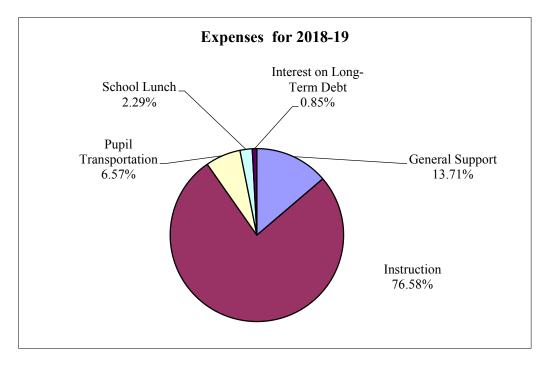
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				Total		
		<b>Governmental Activities</b>			<u>Variance</u>	
		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>		
<u>REVENUES:</u>						
<u>Program -</u>						
Charges for Service	\$	866,386	\$	1,252,700	\$	(386,314)
Operating Grants & Contributions		2,325,692		3,375,527		(1,049,835)
Capital Grants & Contributions		19,047		-		19,047
Total Program	\$	3,211,125	\$	4,628,227	\$	(1,417,102)
<u>General -</u>						
Property Taxes	\$	39,932,646	\$	38,450,246	\$	1,482,400
State and Federal Aid		33,949,303		33,070,179		879,124
Investment Earnings		427,623		567,295		(139,672)
Compensation for Loss		745,450		2,805,377		(2,059,927)
Miscellaneous		1,934,410		2,030,440		(96,030)
Total General	\$	76,989,432	\$	76,923,537	\$	65,895
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	80,200,557	\$	81,551,764	\$	(1,351,207)
EXPENSES:						
General Support	\$	12,219,055	\$	11,198,797	\$	1,020,258
Instruction		68,505,111		62,531,561		5,973,550
Pupil Transportation		5,489,131		5,360,586		128,545
School Lunch		1,887,126		1,872,119		15,007
Interest		834,479		690,818		143,661
TOTAL EXPENSES	\$	88,934,902	\$	81,653,881	\$	7,281,021
<b>INCREASE IN NET POSITION</b>	\$	(8,734,345)	\$	(102,117)		
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR		(106,980,365)		(106,878,248)		
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	(115,714,710)	\$	(106,980,365)		









# Financial Analysis of the School District's Funds

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported combined fund balances of (\$3,168,686) which is less than last year's ending fund balance of \$17,533,263.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current year, the total fund balance of the General Fund was \$17,165,352. Fund balance for the General Fund increased by \$211,999 compared with the prior year. See table below:

			Total
<b>General Fund Balances:</b>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>Variance</u>
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ 4,728	\$ (4,728)
Restricted	11,756,078	11,716,393	39,685
Assigned	2,124,080	2,077,922	46,158
Unassigned	3,285,194	3,154,310	130,884
<b>Total General Fund Balances</b>	\$ 17,165,352	\$ 16,953,353	\$ 211,999

# **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The difference between the original budget and the final amended budget was \$98,498. This change is attributable to \$77,922 of carryover encumbrances from the 2018-19 school year, \$10,359 for donations and \$10,217 for self insurance recoveries.

The key factors for budget variances in the general fund are listed below along with explanations for each.

	Budget Variance Original Vs.	
<b>Expenditure Items:</b>	Amended	Explanation for Budget Variance
		The budget was amended due to an increase in self-funded
Employee Benefits	\$790,703	health insurance claims.

	Budget Variance Amended Vs.	
<b>Revenue Items:</b>	Actual	Explanation for Budget Variance
		Due to the COVID-19 Pandemic the State reduced State
		aid for 2019-20 payable in August and September by
State Sources	(\$931.914)	20%

Expenditure Items:	Budget Variance Amended Vs. Actual	Explanation for Budget Variance
	Inclui	Various positions initially budgeted for were paid with
		grant funds. Less was spend on substitutes due to the
Teaching-Regular		closure of schools in March through the end of the year
School	\$1,108,364	related to COVID-19.
Programs for Children		Various positions initially budgeted for were paid with
with Handicapping		grant funds. Tuition paid to other schools and services
Conditions	\$591,806	through BOCES were less than anticipated.

# **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

# **Capital Assets**

By the end of the 2019-20 fiscal year, the District had invested \$87,988,259 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment. The change in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, is reflected below:

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7
6
4
7

More detailed information can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

# Long-Term Debt

At year end, the District had \$231,865,796 in general obligation bonds and other long-term debt as follows:

<u>Type</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Serial Bonds	\$ 6,225,000	\$ 8,730,000
OPEB	216,677,684	187,074,469
Net Pension Liability	5,382,340	1,519,539
Unamortized Bond Premiums	-	64,331
Compensated Absences	3,580,772	3,323,285
<b>Total Long-Term Obligations</b>	\$ 231,865,796	\$ 200,711,624

More detailed information can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

# **Factors Bearing on the District's Future**

The Horseheads Central School District, along with other districts statewide, face a precarious financial future due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The pandemic has caused economic chaos at the national, state, and local levels. Because of this, schools in New York State are at risk of losing 20% of their aid received from the state. For the Horseheads district, this is a potential loss of several millions of dollars during the 2020-21 school year. A reduction such as this would not only impact the current year, but would have serious implications for the years to come. Currently, the federal government is unable to reach an agreement on the next stimulus package. Without support from the federal government, this aid reduction will become a reality. Staffing levels, educational programs, reserve balances, and future capital projects will be impacted. The District is closely monitoring this situation and its current year spending and is prepared to react when necessary.

# **Contacting the School District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the following:

Horseheads Central School District 143 Hibbard Road Horseheads, New York 14845

# Statement of Net Position

# June 30, 2020

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	62,825,743
Accounts receivable		6,719,174
Inventories		213,699
Net pension asset		4,032,577
Capital Assets:		
Land		375,730
Work in progress		22,741,110
Other capital assets (net of depreciation)		64,871,419
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	161,779,452
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows of resources	\$	57,934,824
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$	5,199,635
Accrued liabilities	Ψ	1,629,302
Unearned revenues		101,991
Due to other governments		45,171
Due to teachers' retirement system		2,541,115
Due to employees' retirement system		254,989
Bond anticipation notes payable		63,056,000
Long-Term Obligations:		05,050,000
Due in one year		1,846,191
Due in more than one year		230,019,605
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	304,693,999
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows of resources	\$	29,783,233
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	\$	55 267 220
Restricted For:	φ	55,267,230
Debt service		1 211 156
		4,344,456
Reserve for employee retirement system		3,517,160
Capital reserves		5,039,814
Other purposes		3,199,104
Unrestricted TOTAL NET POSITION	¢	(186,130,720)
IVIAL NET PUSITION	\$	(114,762,956)

# Statement of Activities

# For Year Ended June 30, 2020

		 Charges for	Program Revenue Operating Grants and	s Capital Grants and	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Governmental
<b>Functions/Programs</b>	<b>Expenses</b>	<u>Services</u>	<b>Contributions</b>	<b>Contributions</b>	<u>Activities</u>
Primary Government -					
General support	\$ 12,219,055	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (12,219,055)
Instruction	68,505,111	451,595	2,325,692	19,047	(65,708,777)
Pupil transportation	5,489,131	-	-	-	(5,489,131)
School lunch	1,887,126	414,791	951,754	-	(520,581)
Interest	834,479				(834,479)
<b>Total Primary Government</b>	\$ 88,934,902	\$ 866,386	\$ 3,277,446	\$ 19,047	\$ (84,772,023)
	General Revenues:				
	Property taxes				\$ 39,932,646
	State and federal ai	d			33,949,303
	Investment earning	S			427,623
	Compensation for l	OSS			745,450
	Miscellaneous				1,934,410
	Total General R	evenues			\$ 76,989,432
	Changes in Net Pos	sition			\$ (7,782,591)
	(106,980,365)				
	Net Position, End	of Year			\$ (114,762,956)

#### **Balance Sheet**

# **Governmental Funds**

June 30, 2020

			Capital		ľ	Nonmajor	Total		
	General			Projects	Go	vernmental	G	overnmental	
ASSETS		<b>Fund</b>		<b>Fund</b>		<b>Funds</b>		<b>Funds</b>	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	18,162,063	\$	40,145,296	\$	4,518,384	\$	62,825,743	
Receivables		2,916,805		2,709,512		1,092,857		6,719,174	
Inventories		-		-		213,699		213,699	
Due from other funds		903,783		1,817		2,956		908,556	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	21,982,651	\$	42,856,625	\$	5,827,896	\$	70,667,172	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities -									
Accounts payable	\$	249,552	\$	4,931,444	\$	18,639	\$	5,199,635	
Accrued liabilities	Ψ	1,577,639	ψ	-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Ψ	4,542	Ψ	1,582,181	
Notes payable - bond anticipation notes		1,577,057		63,056,000		-,5+2		63,056,000	
Due to other funds		2,778		1,995		903,783		908,556	
Due to other governments		45,006				165		45,171	
Due to TRS		2,541,115		-				2,541,115	
Due to ERS		254,989		-		-		254,989	
Other liabilities		29		-		-		29	
Compensated absences		146,191		-		-		146,191	
Unearned revenue		-		-		101,991		101,991	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	4,817,299	\$	67,989,439	\$	1,029,120	\$	73,835,858	
Fund Balances -									
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	213,699	\$	213,699	
Restricted		11,756,078		1,363,215		4,344,456		17,463,749	
Assigned		2,124,080		-		240,621		2,364,701	
Unassigned		3,285,194		(26,496,029)		-		(23,210,835)	
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	\$	17,165,352	\$	(25,132,814)	\$	4,798,776	\$	(3,168,686)	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND									
FUND BALANCES	\$	21,982,651	\$	42,856,625	\$	5,827,896			

#### Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resource and therefore are not reported in the funds.	es 87,988,259
Interest is accrued on outstanding bonds in the statement of net position but not in the funds.	ı (47,092)
The following long-term obligations are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds	:
Serial bonds payable	(6,225,000)
OPEB	(216,677,684)
Compensated absences	(3,434,581)
Net pension asset	4,032,577
Deferred outflow - pension	16,398,588
Deferred outflow - OPEB	41,536,236
Net pension liability	(5,382,340)
Deferred inflow - pension	(5,929,082)
Deferred inflow - OPEB	(23,854,151)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	(114,762,956)

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

### **Governmental Funds**

# For Year Ended June 30, 2020

REVENUES		General <u>Fund</u>		Capital Projects <u>Fund</u>		Nonmajor vernmental <u>Funds</u>	G	Total overnmental <u>Funds</u>
Real property taxes and tax items	\$	39,932,646	\$		\$		\$	39,932,646
Charges for services	φ	451,595	φ	-	φ	-	φ	451,595
Use of money and property		272,604		-		155,019		427,623
Sale of property and compensation for loss		745,450		-				745,450
Miscellaneous		1,589,162		_		31,881		1,621,043
State sources		33,741,043		19,047		684,502		34,444,592
Federal sources		208,260				2,587,278		2,795,538
Sales		- 200,200		-		414,791		414,791
Premium on obligations issued		-		-		319,033		319,033
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	76,940,760	\$	19,047	\$	4,192,504	\$	81,152,311
EXPENDITURES								
General support	\$	9,434,261	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,434,261
Instruction		37,840,147		-		2,241,826		40,081,973
Pupil transportation		2,680,097		1,136,224		53,471		3,869,792
Employee benefits		21,909,259		-		388,358		22,297,617
Debt service - principal		2,810,000		-		-		2,810,000
Debt service - interest		791,744		-		-		791,744
Cost of sales		-		-		550,108		550,108
Other expenses		-		-		933,678		933,678
Capital outlay		-		21,390,087		-		21,390,087
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	75,465,508	\$	22,526,311	\$	4,167,441	\$	102,159,260
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	1,475,252	\$	(22,507,264)	\$	25,063	\$	(21,006,949)
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>								
Transfers - in	\$	-	\$	1,000,000	\$	263,253	\$	1,263,253
Transfers - out		(1,263,253)		-		-		(1,263,253)
BAN's redeemed from appropriations		-		305,000		-		305,000
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING								
SOURCES (USES)	\$	(1,263,253)	\$	1,305,000	\$	263,253	\$	305,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	211,999	\$	(21,202,264)	\$	288,316	\$	(20,701,949)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		16,953,353		(3,930,550)		4,510,460		17,533,263
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	17,165,352	\$	(25,132,814)	\$	4,798,776	\$	(3,168,686)

# HORSEHEADS CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities For Year Ended June 30, 2020

# **NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES** -TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (20,701,949)\$ Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The following are the amounts by which capital outlays and additions of assets in excess depreciation in the current period: Capital Outlay \$ 21,390,087 Additions to Assets, Net 1,396,788 Depreciation (2,404,243)20.382.632 Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position. The following details these items as they effect the governmental activities: \$ 2,810,000 **Debt Repayments** Proceeds from BAN Redemption (305,000)Unamortized Bond Premium 64,331 2,569,331 In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. 2,818 The net OPEB liability does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds. (6,201,822)(Increase) decrease in proportionate share of net pension asset/liability reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds Teachers' Retirement System (2.549.801)Employees' Retirement System (977, 232)Portion of deferred (inflow) / outflow recognized in long term debt (109.883)In the Statement of Activities, vacation pay, teachers' retirement incentive and judgments and claims are measured by the amount accrued during the year. In the governmental funds, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount actually paid. The following provides the differences of these items as presented in the governmental activities: **Compensated Absences** (196, 685)

CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES<br/>(See accompanying notes to financial statements)\$ (7,782,591)

# Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

# June 30, 2020

	P	rivate				
	Purpose			Agency		
	Trust		<b>Funds</b>			
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	30,771	\$	352,314		
Receivable from general fund		-		1,098		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	30,771	\$	353,412		
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	12,708		
Extraclassroom activity balances		-		222,645		
Other liabilities		-		118,059		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	-	\$	353,412		
NET POSITION						
Restricted for scholarships	\$	30,771				
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	30,771				

# Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Private Purpose <u>Trust</u>		
ADDITIONS			
Contributions	\$	1,033	
Investment earnings		12	
TOTAL ADDITIONS	\$	1,045	
<b>DEDUCTIONS</b> Other expenses	\$	4,000	
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	\$	4,000	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	(2,955)	
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR		33,726	
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	30,771	

#### Notes To The Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2020

#### I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Horseheads Central School District, New York (the District) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The Horseheads Central School District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of nine members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statement 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement 39, *Component Units* and GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity*. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief review of certain entities included in the District's reporting entity.

#### 1. <u>Extraclassroom Activity Funds</u>

The extraclassroom activity funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The extraclassroom activity funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions, and the designation of student management. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the extraclassroom activity funds can be found at the District's business office. The District accounts for assets held as an agency for various student organizations in an agency fund.

### B. Joint Venture

The District is a component of the Greater Southern Tier Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). The BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n(a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program, and capital costs. Each component school district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment as defined in Education Law, Section 1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

During the year, the District was billed \$12,948,398 for BOCES administrative and program costs.

The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$4,472,784.

Financial statements for the BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative office.

# C. <u>Basis of Presentation</u>

### 1. <u>Districtwide Statements</u>

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, state aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and non-exchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital specific grants.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

# 2. <u>Fund Statements</u>

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following governmental funds:

#### a. <u>Major Governmental Funds</u>

<u>**General Fund</u>** - This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.</u>

<u>**Capital Projects Fund</u>** - Used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction, or major repair of capital facilities.</u>

**b.** <u>Nonmajor Governmental</u> - The other funds which are not considered major are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds as follows:

<u>School Lunch Fund</u> - Used to account for transactions of the District's lunch, breakfast and milk programs.

**Special Aid Fund** - This fund accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as federal and state grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These legal restrictions may be imposed either by governments that provide the funds, or by outside parties.

<u>Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the proceeds of fundraisers, small private events and donations for specific purposes such as scholarships and school related events.

**Debt Service Fund** - This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest on long-term obligations for governmental activities.

**c.** <u>**Fiduciary</u></u> - Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the District-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used. There are two classes of fiduciary funds:</u>** 

**Private Purpose Trust Funds** - These funds are used to account for trust arrangements in which principal and income benefit annual third party awards and scholarships for students. Established criteria govern the use of the funds and members of the District or representatives of the donors may serve on committees to determine who benefits.

<u>Agency Funds</u> - These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the District as agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds and for payroll or employee withholding.

### D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The District-Wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measureable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within one year after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

# E. <u>Property Taxes</u>

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than September 1, and become a lien on August 22, 2019. Taxes are collected during the period September 1 to October 31.

Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the County(ies) in which the District is located. The County(ies) pay an amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the County(ies) for enforcement to the District no later than the following April 1.

#### F. <u>Restricted Resources</u>

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these notes.

# G. Interfund Transactions

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowing. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditures and revenues to provide financing or other services.

In the District-wide statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note V for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures, and revenues activity.

### H. <u>Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of long-lived assets.

# I. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

New York State Law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in FDICinsured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and Districts.

#### J. <u>Receivables</u>

Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts, when applicable.

No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

### K. Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventories of food and/or supplies for school lunch are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis or, in the case of surplus food, at stated value which approximates market. Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and are considered immaterial in amount.

Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond year end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the District-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the statement of net position or balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed.

A non-spendable fund balance for these non-liquid assets (inventories and prepaid items) has been recognized to signify that a portion of fund balance is not available for other subsequent expenditures.

#### L. <u>Capital Assets</u>

In the District-wide financial statements, capital assets are accounted for at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets which are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of capitalization thresholds and estimated useful lives by type of assets is as follows:

	Cap	italization	Depreciation	Estimated
<u>Class</u>	Tł	reshold	Method	<u>Useful Life</u>
Land	\$	15,000	N/A	N/A
Building and Improvements	\$	15,000	SL	40 Years
Furniture and Equipment	\$	5,000	SL	5-15 Years

The investment in infrastructure type assets have not been segregated for reporting purposes since all costs associated with capital projects are consolidated and reported as additions to buildings and improvements.

# M. <u>Unearned Revenue</u>

The District reports unearned revenues on its Statement of Net Position and its Balance Sheet. On the Statement of Net Position, unearned revenue arises when resources are received by the District before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the District has legal claim to resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

#### N. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditure) until then. The government may have three items that qualify for reporting in this category. First is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The second item is related to pensions reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset or liability and difference during the measurement period between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. Lastly is the District contributions to the pension systems (TRS and ERS Systems) subsequent to the measurement date.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District may have two items that qualify for reporting in this category. First arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting and is reported as unavailable revenue-property taxes. The second item is related to pensions reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability (ERS System) and difference during the measurement periods between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense.

# O. <u>Vested Employee Benefits</u>

#### 1. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated annual sick leave, vacation, and sabbatical time.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave.

Certain District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

Consistent with GASB Statement 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, the liability has been calculated using the vesting/termination method and an accrual for that liability is included in the District-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year end.

In the funds statements only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the General Fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are expensed on a pay-as-you-go basis.

### P. Other Benefits

District employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides post-employment health coverage to retired employees in accordance with the provision of various employment contracts in effect at the time of retirement. Substantially all of the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits may be shared between the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure.

# Q. Short-Term Debt

The District may issue Bond Anticipation Notes (BAN), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that a BAN issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date.

# R. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the district-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, other postemployment benefits payable and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the funds financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

# S. <u>Equity Classifications</u>

### 1. <u>District-Wide Statements</u>

In the District-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

**a.** <u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> - consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, constructions or improvements of those assets.

**b.** <u>Restricted Net Position</u> - reports net position when constraints placed on the assets or deferred outflows of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

On the Statement of Net Position the following balances represent the restricted for other purposes:

		lotal
Unemployment Costs	\$	747,630
Teacher Retirement Contribution		200,137
Tax Certiorari		937,929
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	_	1,313,408
<b>Total Net Position - Restricted for</b>		
Other Purposes	\$	3,199,104

Tatal

**c.** <u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> - reports the balance of net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications . The reported deficit of \$186,130,720 at year end is the result of full implantation of GASB #75 regarding retiree health obligations and the New York State Pension system unfunded pension obligation.

### 2. <u>Fund Statements</u>

In the fund basis statements there are five classifications of fund balance:

**a.** <u>Nonspendable Fund Balance</u> – Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable fund balance includes:

	<u>Total</u>
Inventory in School Lunch	\$ 213,699
Total Nonspendable Fund Balance	\$ 213,699

**b.** <u>Restricted Fund Balances</u> – Includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All encumbrances of funds other than the general fund are classified as restricted fund balance. The District has established the following restricted fund balances:

**<u>Capital Reserve</u>** - According to Education Law §3651, must be used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve; the ultimate amount, its probable term and the source of the funds. Expenditures may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. The form for required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in §3651 of the Education Law. The Reserve is accounted for in the General Fund under restricted fund balance. Year end balances are as follows:

			Total
Name	Maximum	<b>Total Funding</b>	Year to Date
<u>of Reserve</u>	Funding	<b>Provided</b>	<b>Balance</b>
2015 Capital Reserve	\$ 15,000,000	\$ 15,000,000	\$ 5,039,814
2019 Capital Reserve	\$ 10,000,000	\$ -	\$ -

**<u>Reserve for Debt Service</u>** - According to General Municipal Law §6-1, the Reserve for Debt Service must be established for the purpose of retiring the outstanding obligations upon the sale of District property or capital improvement that was financed by obligations that remain outstanding at the time of the sale. Also, earnings on project monies invested together with unused proceeds are reported here.

**Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve** - According to General Municipal Law §6-p, must be used for the payment of accrued employee benefits due to an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated.

**<u>Repair Reserve</u>** - According to General Municipal Law §6-d, must be used to pay the cost of repairs to capital improvements or equipment, which repairs are of a type not recurring annually. The Board of Education, without voter approval, may establish a repair reserve fund by a majority vote of its members. Voter approval is required to fund this reserve (Opinion of the New York State Comptroller 81-401). Expenditures from this reserve may be made only after a public hearing has been held, except in emergency situations. If no hearing is held, the amount expended must be repaid to the reserve fund over the next two subsequent fiscal years.

**<u>Retirement Contribution Reserve</u>** - According to General Municipal Law §6-r, must be used financing retirement contributions. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board.

<u>**Teachers' Retirement Reserve**</u> – General Municipal Law §6r was amended to include a Teachers' Retirement Reserve (TRS) sub-fund. The reserve has an annual funding limit of 2% of the prior year TRS salaries and a maximum cumulative total balance of 10% of the previous years TRS salary.

**Tax Certiorari Reserve** - According to General Municipal Law §3651.1-a, must be used to establish a reserve fund for tax certiorari claims and to expend from the fund without voter approval. The monies held in the reserve shall not exceed the amount which might reasonably be deemed necessary to meet anticipated judgments and claims arising out of tax certiorari proceedings. Any resources deposited to the reserve which are not expended for tax certiorari proceeding in the year such monies are deposited must be returned to the General Fund on or before the first day of the fourth fiscal year after deposit of these monies.

<u>Unemployment Insurance Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §6-m, must be used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund. **Encumbrances** - Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments of expenditures are recorded for budgetary control purposes in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is employed as a control in preventing over-expenditure of established appropriations. Open encumbrances are reported as restricted fund balance in all funds other than the General Fund and the School Lunch Fund, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and will be honored through budget appropriations in the subsequent year.

Total

Restricted fund balances include the following:

	10141
<u>General Fund -</u>	
Unemployment Costs	\$ 747,630
Employee Retirement Contribution	3,517,160
Teacher Retirement Contribution	200,137
Tax Certiorari	937,929
Capital Reserve	5,039,814
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	1,313,408
<u>Capital Fund -</u>	
Capital Projects	1,363,215
<u>Debt Service Fund -</u>	
Det Service	4,344,456
<b>Total Restricted Fund Balance</b>	\$ 17,463,749

The District has appropriated the following reserves to support the 2020-21 budget:

	<u>Total</u>
Unemployment Costs	\$ 12,200
Employee Retirement Contribution	438,000
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	 150,000
Total	\$ 600,200

**c.** <u>Committed</u> - Includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the school districts highest level of decision making authority, i.e., the Board of Education. The District has no committed fund balances as of June 30, 2020.

**d.** <u>Assigned Fund Balance</u> – Includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. All encumbrances of the General Fund are classified as assigned fund balance. Encumbrances represent purchase commitments made by the District's purchasing agent through their authorization of a purchase order prior to year end. The District assignment is based on the functional level of expenditures.

Management has determined significant encumbrances for the General Fund to be \$103,000, and the Capital Projects Fund to be \$34,000. The District reports the following significant encumbrances:

<u>Capital Projects Fund -</u>		
Bus Purchases	\$	154,573
Capital Improvements	4	43,408,147
Total Capital Fund Significant Encumbrances	<b>\$</b> 4	43,562,720
Assigned fund balances include the following:		
	Total	
General Fund - Encumbrances	\$ 124,	080
General Fund - Appropriated for Taxes	2,000,	000
Misc. Special Revenue Fund - Year End Equity	116,	032

e. <u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> – Includes all other general fund amounts that do not meet the definition of the above four classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the school district and could report a surplus or deficit. In funds other than the general fund, the unassigned classification is used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted or assigned.

124,589

2.364.701

School Lunch Fund - Year End Equity

**Total Assigned Fund Balance** 

NYS Real Property Tax Law 1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds a school district can retain to no more than 4% of the District's budget for the general fund for the ensuing fiscal year. Nonspendable and restricted fund balance of the general fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year and encumbrances are also excluded from the 4% limitation.

#### 3. Order of Use of Fund Balance

The District's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, nonspendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined. Any remaining fund balance amounts for funds other than the general fund are classified as restricted fund balance. In the general fund, the remaining amounts are reported as unassigned. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance.

#### T. <u>New Accounting Standards</u>

The District has adopted all current Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are applicable. At June 30, 2020, the District implemented the following new standards issued by GASB:

GASB has issued Statement 92, Omnibus 2020, Paragraphs 1-11a, and 12.

GASB has issued Statement No. 95, Postponement of the Effective Dates for Certain Authoritative Guidance.

# U. <u>Future Changes in Accounting Standards</u>

GASB has issued Statement 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, which will effective for the periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

GASB has issued Statement 87, *Leases*, which will be effective for the periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

GASB has issued Statement 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020.

GASB has issued Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests, an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

GASB has issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

GASB has issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020, Paragraphs 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

GASB has issued Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, Paragraphs 1-11a, and 12*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2020.

GASB has issued Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, Paragraphs 13 and 14*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

GASB has issued Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, Paragraphs 11b*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

GASB has issued Statement No. 94, Public-Privatee and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

The District will evaluate the impact each of these pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material.

### III. <u>Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability</u>

By its nature as a local government unit, the District is subject to various federal, state and local laws and contractual regulations. An analysis of the District's compliance with significant laws and regulations and demonstration of its stewardship over District resources follows.

# A. Budgets

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the General Fund.

The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget.

Appropriations established by adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) which may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved by the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restriction, if the Board approves them because of a need which exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. During the 2019-20 fiscal year, the budget was increased by \$10,217 in insurance recoveries for the repair of a bus, \$10,359 for donations, and \$77,922 for prior year encumbrances.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital projects fund expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

#### B. <u>Encumbrances</u>

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year end are presented as reservations of fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

# C. <u>Deficit Fund Balance – Capital Projects Fund</u>

The Capital Projects Fund had a deficit unassigned fund balance of \$26,496,029 at June 30, 2020, which is a result of bond anticipation notes which are used as a temporary means of financing capital projects. These proceeds are not recognized as revenue but merely serve to provide cash to meet expenditures. This results in the creation of a fund deficit which will remain until the notes are replaced by permanent financing (i.e., bonds, grants-in-aid, or redemption from current appropriations).

# D. <u>Deficit Net Position</u>

The District-wide net position had a deficit at June 30, 2020 of \$114,762,956. The deficit is the result of the implementation of GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions", which required the recognition of an unfunded liability of \$216,677,684 at June 30, 2020. Since New York State Laws provide no mechanism for funding the liability, the subsequent accruals are expected to increase the deficit.

# III. Cash and Cash Equivalents

**Credit risk:** In compliance with the State Law, District investments are limited to obligations of the United States of America, obligations guaranteed by agencies of the Unites States of America where the payment of principal and interest are guaranteed by the United States of America, obligations of the State, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit issued by a bank or trust company located in, and authorized to do business in, the State, and obligations issued by other municipalities and authorities within the State.

**Concentration of Credit risk:** To promote competition in rates and service cost, and to limit the risk of institutional failure, District deposits and investments are placed with multiple institutions. The District's investment policy limits the amounts that may be deposited with any one financial institution.

**Interest rate risk:** The District has an investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates.

The District's aggregate bank balances (disclosed in the financial statements), included balances not covered by depository insurance at year end, collateralized as follows:

Uncollateralized	\$ -
Collateralized with Securities held by the Pledging	
Financial Institution	66,473,198
Total	\$ 66,473,198

Restricted cash represents cash where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash as of year end includes \$17,463,749 within the governmental funds and \$30,771 in the fiduciary funds.

# IV. <u>Receivables</u>

Receivables at June 30, 2020 for individual major funds and nonmajor funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities									
	General		General Capital Projects		School Lunch		Special Aid			
<b>Description</b>	<b>Fund</b>		Fund		Fund		Fund		<u>Total</u>	
Accounts Receivable	\$	31,592	\$	-	\$	5,546	\$	-	\$	37,138
Due From State and Federal		763,257		2,709,512		151,824		935,487		4,560,080
Due From Other Governments		2,121,956		-		-		-		2,121,956
<b>Total Receivables</b>	\$	2,916,805	\$	2,709,512	\$	157,370	\$	935,487	\$	6,719,174

District management has deemed the amounts to be fully collectible.

### V. Interfund Receivables, Payables, Revenues and Expenditures

	Interfund							
	Re	eceivables	ŀ	<b>Payables</b>		Revenues		penditures
General Fund	\$	903,783	\$	2,778	\$	-	\$	1,263,253
Special Aid Fund		-		886,853		83,051		-
School Lunch Fund		-		16,930		180,202		-
Misc. Special Revenue Fund		961		-		-		-
Debt Service Fund		1,995		-		-		-
Capital Projects Fund		1,817		1,995		1,000,000		-
Total	\$	908,556	\$	908,556	\$	1,263,253	\$	1,263,253

Interfund Receivables, Payables, Revenues and Expenditures at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

Interfund receivables and payables between governmental activities are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues. All interfund payables are not necessarily expected to be repaid within one year.

Transfers are used to finance certain special aid programs, support capital project expenditures, school lunch programs and debt service expenditures.

### VI. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset balances and activity were as follows:

		Balance						Balance
<u>Type</u>	<u>7/1/2019</u>		<b>Additions</b>		<b>Deletions</b>		<u>6/30/2020</u>	
Governmental Activities:								
Capital Assets that are not Depreciated -								
Land	\$	375,730	\$	-	\$	-	\$	375,730
Work in progress		20,895,675		21,390,087		19,544,652		22,741,110
Total Nondepreciable	\$	21,271,405	\$	21,390,087	\$	19,544,652	\$	23,116,840
Capital Assets that are Depreciated -								
Buildings and Improvements	\$	70,089,559	\$	19,520,280	\$	-	\$	89,609,839
Machinery and equipment		12,778,263		1,422,715		937,108		13,263,870
Total Depreciated Assets	\$	82,867,822	\$	20,942,995	\$	937,108	\$	102,873,709
Less Accumulated Depreciation -								
Buildings and Improvements	\$	28,920,263	\$	1,362,550	\$	-	\$	30,282,813
Machinery and equipment		7,613,337		1,041,693		935,553		7,719,477
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$	36,533,600	\$	2,404,243	\$	935,553	\$	38,002,290
Total Capital Assets Depreciated, Net								
of Accumulated Depreciation	\$	46,334,222	\$	18,538,752	\$	1,555	\$	64,871,419
Total Capital Assets	\$	67,605,627	\$	39,928,839	\$	19,546,207	\$	87,988,259

Depreciation expense for the period was charged to functions/programs as follows:

<b>Governmental Activities:</b>	
General Government Support	\$ 178,890
Instruction	1,264,037
Pupil Transportation	960,554
School Lunch	 762
<b>Total Depreciation Expense</b>	\$ 2,404,243

### VII. <u>Short-Term Debt</u>

Transactions in short-term debt for the year are summarized below:

		Interest	Balance			Balance
	<u>Maturity</u>	Rate	<u>7/1/2019</u>	Additions	<b>Deletions</b>	<u>6/30/2020</u>
BAN	6/25/2020	2.25%	\$ 27,000,000	\$ -	\$ 27,000,000	\$ -
BAN	6/24/2021	1.00%	-	61,695,000	-	61,695,000
BAN	4/16/2021	2.00%	 -	 1,361,000	 -	 1,361,000
Total S	Short-Term De	ebt	\$ 27,000,000	\$ 63,056,000	\$ 27,000,000	\$ 63,056,000

A summary of the short-term interest expense for the year is as follows:

Interest Paid	\$ 607,500
Less: Interest Accrued in the Prior Year	(8,438)
Plus: Interest Accrued in the Current Year	 14,631
<b>Total Short-Term Interest Expense</b>	\$ 613,693

### VIII. Long-Term Debt Obligations

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

	Balance <u>7/1/2019</u>	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance <u>6/30/2020</u>	_	ue Within <u>One Year</u>
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>						
<b>Bonds and Notes Payable -</b>						
Serial Bonds	\$ 8,730,000	\$ -	\$ 2,505,000	\$ 6,225,000	\$	1,700,000
Unamortized Bond Premium	64,331	-	64,331	-		-
Total Bonds and Notes Payable	\$ 8,794,331	\$ -	\$ 2,569,331	\$ 6,225,000	\$	1,700,000
<u>Other Liabilities -</u>						
Net Pension Liability	\$ 1,519,539	\$ 3,862,801	\$ -	\$ 5,382,340	\$	-
OPEB	187,074,469	29,603,215	-	216,677,684		-
Compensated Absences	3,323,285	257,487	-	3,580,772		146,191
<b>Total Other Liabilities</b>	\$ 191,917,293	\$ 33,723,503	\$ -	\$ 225,640,796	\$	146,191
<b>Total Long-Term Obligations</b>	\$ 200,711,624	\$ 33,723,503	\$ 2,569,331	\$ 231,865,796	\$	1,846,191

The General Fund has typically been used to liquidate long-term liabilities such as compensated absences.

### (VIII.) (Continued)

Existing serial and statutory bond obligations:

	Original	Issue	Final	Interest	Amount Outstanding
<b>Description</b>	<u>Amount</u>	Date	<u>Maturity</u>	Rate	<u>6/30/2020</u>
Capital Improvement	\$ 6,225,000	2016	2024	1.5%-2.0%	\$ 4,030,000
Bus Purchase	\$ 1,100,000	2017	2022	2.00%	455,000
Bus Purchase	\$ 1,100,000	2018	2023	4.00%	690,000
Bus Purchase	\$ 1,300,000	2019	2024	2.00%	1,050,000
<b>Total Serial Bonds</b>					\$ 6,225,000

The following is a summary of debt service requirements:

	Serial Bonds								
Year	<b>Principal</b>	<u>Interest</u>							
2021	\$ 1,700,000	\$ 125,800							
2022	1,720,000	89,900							
2023	1,520,000	50,750							
2024	1,285,000	15,550							
Total	\$ 6,225,000	\$ 282,000							

Interest on long-term debt for June 30, 2020 was composed of:

Interest paid	\$ 184,244
Plus: deferred bond refunding being amortized	109,883
Less: bond premium being amortized prior year	(64,331)
Plus: Interest Accrued in the Current Year	32,461
Less: Interest Accrued in the Prior Year	(41,471)
Total Long-Term Interest Expense	\$ 220,786

In prior years, the District defeased certain general obligations and other bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements. \$4,080,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

### IX. Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

The following is a summary of the deferred inflows/outflows of resources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	<b>Outflows</b>	<b>Inflows</b>
Pension	\$ 16,398,588	\$ 5,929,082
OPEB	41,536,236	23,854,151
Total	\$ 57,934,824	\$ 29,783,233

### X. <u>Pension Plans</u>

### A. <u>General Information</u>

The District participates in the New York State Teacher's Retirement System (TRS) and the New York State and Local Employee's Retirement System (ERS). These are cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement systems. The Systems offer a wide range of plans and benefits, which are related to years of service and final average salary, vesting of retirement benefits, death, and disability.

### B. <u>Provisions and Administration</u>

A 10 member Board of Trustees of the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board administers TRS. TRS provides benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYSRSSL). Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the system, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that contains financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to NYRS, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, New York 12211-2395 or by referring to the TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial report, which can be found on the System's website at <u>www.nystrs.org</u>.

ERS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. NYSRSSL govern obligations of employers and employees to contribute, and benefits to employees. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. ERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to NYSERS, Office of the State Comptroller, 110 State Street, Albany, New York 12244 or by referring to the ERS Comprehensive Annual Report, which can be found at <u>www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php</u>.

### C. <u>Funding Policies</u>

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3 percent of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3.0 to 3.5 percent of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS tier VI vary based on a sliding salary scale. For TRS, contribution rates are established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law. For ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions for the ERS' fiscal year ended March 31. The District paid 100% of the required contributions as billed by the TRS and ERS for the current year and each of the two preceding years.

The District's share of the required contributions, based on covered payroll paid for the District's year ended June 30, 2020:

<b>Contributions</b>	ERS		TRS
2020	\$	848,834	\$ 2,541,115

### D. <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows</u> of Resources related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the District reported the following asset/(liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension asset /(liability) for each of the Systems. The net pension asset/(liability) was measured as of March 31, 2020 for ERS and June 30, 2019 for TRS. The total pension asset/(liability) used to calculate the net pension asset/(liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation. The District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the TRS and ERS Systems in reports provided to the District.

	ERS	TRS
Measurement date	March 31, 2020	June 30, 2019
Net pension assets/(liability)	\$ (5,382,340)	\$ 4,032,577
District's portion of the Plan's total net pension asset/(liability)	0.0203%	0.1552%

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expenses of \$1,868,848 for ERS and \$4,908,493 for TRS. At June 30, 2020 the District's reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources				ed Inflows esources		
		ERS	TRS		ERS		TRS
Differences between expected and							
actual experience	\$	316,772	\$ 2,732,775	\$	-	\$	299,870
Changes of assumptions		108,375	7,618,078		93,580		1,857,503
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan							
investments		2,759,249	-		-		3,233,919
Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions and							
proportionate share of contributions		125,380	127,373		58,557		385,653
Subtotal	\$	3,309,776	\$ 10,478,226	\$	152,137	\$	5,776,945
District's contributions subsequent to the							
measurement date		254,989	 2,355,597		-	_	-
Grand Total	\$	3,564,765	\$ 12,833,823	\$	152,137	\$	5,776,945

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year</u>	ERS	<u>TRS</u>
2020	\$ -	\$ 1,745,912
2021	559,826	37,280
2022	797,248	1,739,300
2023	1,001,590	1,187,723
2024	798,975	142,396
Thereafter	-	(151,330)
Total	\$ 3,157,639	\$ 4,701,281

### E. <u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

	ERS	TRS
Measurement date	March 31, 2020	June 30, 2019
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2019	June 30, 2018
Interest rate	6.80%	7.10%
Salary scale	4.20%	4.72%-1.90%
Decrement tables	April 1, 2010- March 31, 2015 System's Experience	July 1, 2009- June 30, 2014 System's Experience
Inflation rate	2.50%	2.20%
COLA's	1.30%	1.30%

For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2010 – March 31, 2015 System experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2018. For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on plan member experience adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2018.

The long term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of March 31, 2020 are summarized as follows:

Long Term Expected Rate of Return			
	ERS	<u>TRS</u>	
Measurement date	March 31, 2020	June 30, 2019	
<u>Asset Type -</u>			
Domestic equity	4.05%	6.30%	
International equity	6.15%	7.80%	
Global equity	0.00%	7.20%	
Private equity	6.75%	9.90%	
Real estate	4.95%	4.60%	
Absolute return strategies *	3.25%	0.00%	
Opportunistic portfolios	4.65%	0.00%	
Real assets	5.95%	0.00%	
Bonds and mortgages	0.75%	0.00%	
Cash	0.00%	0.00%	
Inflation-indexed bonds	0.50%	0.00%	
Private debt	0.00%	6.50%	
Real estate debt	0.00%	2.90%	
High-yield fixed income securities	0.00%	3.60%	
Domestic fixed income securities	0.00%	1.30%	
Global fixed income securities	0.00%	0.90%	
Short-term	0.00%	0.30%	
	0.0070	0.2070	

The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.5% for ERS and 2.2% for TRS.

\* Excludes equity-oriented long-only funds. For investment management purposes, these funds are included in domestic equity and international equity.

### F. <u>Discount Rate</u>

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 6.8% for ERS and 7.10% for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

### D. <u>Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption</u>

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.80% for ERS and 7.10% for TRS, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentagepoint lower (5.80% for ERS and 6.10% for TRS) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.80% for ERS and 8.10% for TRS) than the current assumption :

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Assumption	1% Increase
ERS	<u>(5.80%)</u>	<u>(6.80%)</u>	<u>(7.80%)</u>
Employer's proportionate			
share of the net pension			
asset (liability)	\$ (9,878,114)	\$ (5,382,340)	\$ (1,241,714)
		Current	
	1% Decrease	Assumption	1% Increase
<u>TRS</u>	1% Decrease <u>(6.10%)</u>	Assumption <u>(7.10%)</u>	1% Increase <u>(8.25%)</u>
<u>TRS</u> Employer's proportionate	1,020010050	-	
	1,020010050	-	
Employer's proportionate	1,020010050	-	

### G. <u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>

The components of the current year net pension asset/(liability) of the employers as of the respective valuation dates, were as follows:

	(In Thousands)		
	ERS	<u>TRS</u>	
Measurement date	March 31, 2020	June 30, 2019	
Employers' total pension liability	\$ 194,596,261	\$ 119,879,474	
Plan net position	168,115,682	122,477,481	
Employers' net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (26,480,579)	\$ 2,598,007	
Ratio of plan net position to the employers' total pension asset/(liability)	86.39%	102.20%	

### H. <u>Payables to the Pension Plan</u>

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31<sup>st</sup>. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2020 through June 30, 2020 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 amounted to \$254,989.

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 are paid to the System in September, October and November 2020 through a state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS System. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 amounted to \$2,541,115.

### XI. <u>Postemployment Benefits</u>

### A. <u>General Information About the OPEB Plan</u>

*Plan Description* – The District's defined benefit OPEB plan, provides OPEB for all permanent fulltime general and public safety employees of the District. The plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the District Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

*Benefits Provided* – The District provides healthcare and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. The benefit terms are dependent on which contract each employee falls under. The specifics of each contract are on file at the District offices and are available upon request.

*Employees Covered by Benefit Terms* – At June 30, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	482
Active Employees	547
Total	1,029

### B. <u>Total OPEB Liability</u>

The District's total OPEB liability of \$216,677,684 was measured as of March 31, 2020, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Acturial Method	Entry Age Normal
Inflation	2.25 percent
Salary Increases	3.00 percent, average, including inflation
Discount Rate	2.48%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	<ul><li>7.0 percent for pre-65 medical, decreasing down to</li><li>3.784 percent in 2075 and 5.0 percent for post-65 Medical decreasing down to 3.784 percent in 2075</li></ul>
Retirees' Share of Benefit-Related Costs	20 percent of projected health insurance premiums for retirees

The discount rate was based on the Fidelity General Obligation 20-year AA Municipal Bond index.

Mortality rates were based on the sex-distinct Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Tables for employees and healthy retirees, adjusted for mortality improvements with Scale MP-2019 mortality improvement scale on a generational basis.

### C. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at June 30, 2019	\$ 187,074,469
Changes for the Year -	
Service cost	\$ 5,800,813
Interest	6,245,462
Changes of benefit terms	(3,122,387)
Differences between expected and actual experience	(16,510,750)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	42,686,928
Benefit payments	 (5,496,851)
Net Changes	\$ 29,603,215
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 216,677,684

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.42 percent in 2019 to 2.48 percent in 2020.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.48 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.48 percent) than the current discount rate:

	Discount		
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
	<u>(1.48%)</u>	<u>(2.48%)</u>	<u>(3.48%)</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 256,907,041	\$ 216,677,684	\$ 184,350,435

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	Healthcare		
	<u>1% Decrease</u>	Cost Trend Rates	<u>1% Increase</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 180,479,522	\$ 216,677,684	\$ 263,528,022

### D. <u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related</u> to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$11,771,357. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expended and				
actual experience	\$	-	\$	14,071,939
Changes of assumptions		40,093,337		9,782,212
Contributions after measurement date		1,442,899		-
Total	\$	41,536,236	\$	23,854,151

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

<u>Year</u>		
2021	\$	2,847,469
2022		2,847,469
2023		2,847,469
2024		2,847,469
2025		1,988,105
Thereafter	_	2,861,205
Total	\$	16,239,186

#### XII. <u>Risk Management</u>

### A. <u>General Information</u>

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to injuries to employees, theft, damages, natural disasters, etc. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past two years.

### B. <u>Unemployment</u>

District employees are entitled to coverage under the New York State Unemployment Insurance Law. The District has elected to discharge its liability to the New York State Unemployment Insurance Fund (the Fund) by the benefit reimbursement method, a dollar-for-dollar reimbursement to the fund for benefits paid from the fund to former employees. The District has established a self insurance fund to pay these claims. The claim and judgment expenditures of this program for the 2019-20 fiscal year totaled \$9,921. The balance of the fund at June 30, 2020 was \$747,630 and is recorded in the General Fund as an Unemployment Insurance Reserve. In addition, as of June 30, 2020, no loss contingencies existed or were considered probable or estimable for incurred but not reported claims payable.

### C. <u>Self-Funded Medical Plan</u>

The District participates in a self-funded medical plan administered through a third party administrator. The Plan is referred to as a premium credit plan. The District pays actual claim expenses and administrative charges. The District also, has stop-loss insurance coverage on specific claims in excess of \$250,000 within the plan year.

Liabilities are recorded when it is probable that an asset has been impaired or a liability has been incurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated.

The incurred but not reported claims (IBNR's) are fully funded and reported in the General Fund as part of the accrued liabilities balances at June 30, 2020.

A reconciliation of the claims recorded for 2020 and 2019 are as follows:

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Beginning Liabilities	\$ 2,439,101	\$ 687,700
Incurred Claims	16,234,552	17,018,920
Claims Payments	 (17,499,222)	(15,267,519)
Ending Liabilities	\$ 1,174,431	\$ 2,439,101

In 2019 there was a large claim included in the liability and a corresponding insurance recovery was recorded in accounts receivable. In addition, the District modified the estimate for determining the estimated IBNR from a three year average to a five year average adjusted for medical trend inflation to smooth out any significant variances due to large claims.

The following statistical information is presented:

	С	ontribution	Inc	curred Claim			
Year		<b>Revenue</b>		Expense			
2020	\$	17,499,222	\$	16,234,552			
2019	\$	15,627,519	\$	17,018,920			
2018	\$	15,466,972	\$	15,317,974			
2017	\$	14,202,139	\$	14,137,513			
2016	\$	9,592,973	\$	9,543,752			
2015	\$	12,909,053	\$	12,716,598			

Contribution revenues consist of the expenditures charged to the funds plus the employee's payroll withholding plus the retiree's contribution. There are additional revenues which offset the claim expense such as rebates and refunds which are not included in contribution revenues.

The Plan has funded the incurred but not yet reported claims liability. The funding of this liability indicates that the plan's self funded insurance program is fully funded.

#### XIII. **Commitments and Contingencies**

#### A. **Litigation**

As of the date of this report management is not aware of any pending or threatening litigation.

#### B. Grants

The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the State and Federal Governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior years' experience, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

### XIV. <u>Rental of District Property</u>

The District leases property, buses, and services to various organizations. Total rental income for the 2019-20 fiscal year totaled \$113,582.

### XV. Tax Abatement

The County of Chemung IDA, and the District enter into various property tax abatement programs for the purpose of Economic Development. As a result the District property tax revenue was reduced \$1,347,732. The District received payment in lieu of tax (PILOT) payment totaling \$1,000,705 to help offset the property tax reduction.

### XVI. Subsequent Event

On August 13, 2020, the Division of the Budget (DOB) issued the FY 2021 First Quarterly State Budget Financial Plan Update which notes that, in the absence of Federal action since enactment of the FY 2021 budget, DOB began withholding 20 percent of most local aid payments in June, which includes 3609-a General Aid, , 3609b Excess Cost Aid, 3609-d BOCES Aid payments, and that all or a portion of these withholds may be converted to permanent reductions, depending on the size and timing of new Federal aid, if any.

DOB's Updated Financial Plan includes \$8.2 billion in recurring local aid reductions, and states that the earliest DOB expects to transmit a detailed aid-to-localities reduction plan to the Legislature is late in the second quarter of the State's FY 2021, and that, in the absence of unrestricted Federal Aid, the DOB will continue to withhold a range of payments through the second quarter of FY 2021.

### XVII. COVID-19

On January 30,2020, the World Health Organization ("WHO") announced a global health emergency because of a new strain of coronavirus originating in Wuhan, China (the "COVID-19 outbreak") and the risks to the international community as the virus spreads globally beyond its point of origin. In March 2020, the WHO classified the COVID-19 outbreak as a pandemic, based on the rapid increase in exposure globally.

The outbreak and continuing effects of the COVID-19 health crisis in the State has had and is expected to have a significantly adverse effect on the State's financial condition. On April 25, 2020 the New York State Division of the Budget announced that the FY 2021 Enacted State Budget Financial Plan (the "Financial Plan") projects a \$13.3 billion shortfall, or 14%, in revenue from the Executive Budget Forecast released in January and estimates a \$61 billion decline through FY 2024 as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic. As a result, in the absence of Federal assistance, initial budget control actions outlined in the Financial Plan will reduce spending by \$10.1 billion from the Executive Budget. This represents a \$7.3 billion reduction in state spending from FY 2020 levels. The \$10.1 billion in spending reductions from the levels proposed in the Executive Budget include a \$8.2 billion reduction in "aid-to-localities", a broad spending category that includes funding for health care, K-12 schools, and higher education as well as support for local governments, public transit systems, and the State's notfor-profit partners. The dramatic decline in the State General Fund receipts is not a one-year problem. The Division of the Budget expects the reduced receipts to carry through each subsequent year of the four year Financial Plan, creating a total loss of \$60.5 billion through FY 2024 compared to the Executive Budget. According to the four year financial plan released by the State on May 8, 2020, as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, State spending will be significantly reduced. Such reductions will include reductions to "aid to localities" which includes State aid to school districts, including the School District. Any significant reductions or delays in the payment of State aid could adversely affect the financial condition of school districts in the State.

### Required Supplementary Information HORSEHEADS CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK Schedule of Changes in District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratio (Unaudited) For Year Ended June 30, 2020

TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY										
		<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>			<u>2018</u>				
Service cost	\$	5,800,813	\$	6,407,554	\$	5,874,094				
Interest		6,245,462		7,314,744		7,151,481				
Changes in benefit terms		(3,122,387)		(6,492,332)		(332,508)				
Differences between expected and actual experiences		(16,510,750)		-		-				
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		42,686,928		(13,648,698)		6,454,364				
Benefit payments		(5,496,851)		(5,447,489)		(5,059,041)				
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	\$	29,603,215	\$	(11,866,221)	\$	14,088,390				
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	\$	187,074,469	\$	198,940,690	\$	184,852,300				
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	216,677,684	\$	187,074,469	\$	198,940,690				
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	35,357,846	\$	33,930,680	\$	32,912,432				
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered										
Employee Payroll		612.81%		551.34%		604.45%				

10 years of historical information is not available, and will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is present.

### Required Supplementary Information HORSEHEADS CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Unaudited)

For Year Ended June 30, 2020

NYSERS Pension Plan									
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>			
Proportion of the net pension liability (assets)	0.0203%	0.0214%	0.0215%	0.0212%	0.0203%	0.0205%			
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets)	\$ 5,382,340	\$ 1,519,539	\$ 695,069	\$ 1,989,479	\$ 3,254,449	\$ 692,909			
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 6,160,804	\$ 6,214,694	\$ 6,198,285	\$ 5,911,576	\$ 5,404,301	\$ 5,784,364			
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	87.364%	24.451%	11.214%	33.654%	60.220%	11.979%			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	86.39%	96.27%	98.24%	94.70%	90.70%	97.90%			

NYSTRS Pension Plan											
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>					
Proportion of the net pension liability (assets)	0.1552%	0.1534%	0.1549%	0.1539%	0.1462%	0.1496%					
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets)	\$ (4,032,577)	\$ (2,774,130)	\$ (1,177,467)	\$ 1,647,922	\$ (15,190,299)	\$ (16,593,570)					
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 26,581,927	\$ 25,908,427	\$ 24,999,629	\$ 24,542,853	\$ 23,747,221	\$ 21,967,468					
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	-15.170%	-10.707%	-4.710%	6.714%	-63.967%	-75.537%					
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	102.20%	101.53%	100.66%	99.01%	110.46%	111.48%					

10 years of historical information is not available, and will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is present.

### Required Supplementary Information HORSEHEADS CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK Schedule of District Contributions (Unaudited)

For Year Ended June 30, 2020

NYSERS Pension Plan										
		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Contractually required contributions	\$	848,834	\$	887,208	\$	912,617	\$	894,861	\$ 888,249	\$ 1,112,593
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(848,834)		(887,208)		(912,617)		(894,861)	(888,249)	(1,112,593)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ - (000,217)	\$ -
Covered-employee payroll	\$	6,160,804	\$	6,214,694	\$	6,198,285	\$	5,911,576	\$ 5,404,301	\$ 5,784,364
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		13.78%		14.28%		14.72%		15.14%	16.44%	19.23%

NYSTRS Pension Plan										
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>				
Contractually required contributions	\$ 2,541,115	\$ 2,922,602	\$ 2,610,358	\$ 3,040,542	\$ 3,281,163	\$ 3,974,360				
Contributions in relation to the contractually required				(2.0.10.5.10)						
contribution	(2,541,115)	(2,922,602)	(2,610,358)	(3,040,542)	(3,281,163)	(3,974,360)				
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 26,581,927	\$ 26,386,233	\$ 24,999,629	\$ 24,542,853	\$ 23,747,221	\$ 21,967,468				
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	9.56%	11.08%	10.44%	12.39%	13.82%	18.09%				

10 years of historical information is not available, and will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation

until 10 years of historical data is present.

# Required Supplementary Information HORSEHEADS CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund

### (Unaudited)

### For Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Current	Ov	ver (Under)
	Original	Amended	Year's		Revised
	<b>Budget</b>	<b>Budget</b>	<u>Revenues</u>	<b>Budget</b>	
REVENUES					
Local Sources -					
Real property taxes	\$ 33,858,749	\$ 34,284,308	\$ 34,328,657	\$	44,349
Real property tax items	6,029,548	5,603,989	5,603,989		-
Charges for services	539,665	539,665	451,595		(88,070)
Use of money and property	280,000	280,000	272,604		(7,396)
Sale of property and compensation for loss	550,000	560,218	745,450		185,232
Miscellaneous	1,230,000	1,240,358	1,589,162		348,804
State Sources -					
Basic formula	23,795,729	23,795,729	22,445,144		(1,350,585)
Lottery aid	5,400,000	5,400,000	6,237,803		837,803
BOCES	4,814,285	4,814,285	4,472,784		(341,501)
Textbooks	245,640	245,640	244,243		(1,397)
All Other Aid -					
Computer software	139,978	139,978	139,178		(800)
Library loan	27,325	27,325	25,479		(1,846)
Handicapped students	250,000	250,000	71,325		(178,675)
Other aid	-	-	105,087		105,087
Federal Sources	 150,000	 150,000	208,260		58,260
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 77,310,919	\$ 77,331,495	\$ 76,940,760	\$	(390,735)
Appropriated reserves	\$ 595,000	\$ 595,000			
Appropriated fund balance	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 2,000,000			
Prior year encumbrances	\$ 77,922	\$ 77,922			
TOTAL REVENUES AND					
<b>APPROPRIATED RESERVES/</b>					
FUND BALANCE	\$ 79,983,841	\$ 80,004,417			

(See Independent Auditors' Report)

### **Required Supplementary Information**

### HORSEHEADS CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -

### Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund

### (Unaudited)

### For Year Ended June 30, 2020

				Current				
	Original	Amended		Year's			Unencumbered	
	<b>Budget</b>	<b>Budget</b>	<u>Expenditures</u>		Encumbrances		]	Balances
EXPENDITURES								
General Support -								
Board of education	\$ 27,582	\$ 21,384	\$	15,030	\$	-	\$	6,354
Central administration	299,388	298,979		296,463		-		2,516
Finance	1,169,254	1,264,088		1,245,709		-		18,379
Staff	715,416	688,102		671,493		-		16,609
Central services	6,071,972	5,888,763		5,376,894		46,320		465,549
Special items	1,808,682	1,828,672		1,828,672		-		-
Instructional -								
Instruction, administration and improvement	3,249,955	3,390,866		3,186,830		22,546		181,490
Teaching - regular school	20,760,557	20,743,448		19,597,097		37,987		1,108,364
Programs for children with								
handicapping conditions	8,579,330	8,095,366		7,502,560		1,000		591,806
Occupational education	2,857,165	2,861,697		2,856,429	-		5,268	
Teaching - special schools	3,090	3,090		446	-			2,644
Instructional media	1,395,312	1,565,159		1,427,315		-		137,844
Pupil services	3,595,009	3,584,479		3,269,470		10,383		304,626
Pupil Transportation	2,919,884	2,958,195		2,680,097		1,303		276,795
Employee Benefits	21,138,959	21,929,662		21,909,259		4,541		15,862
Debt service - principal	2,810,000	2,810,000		2,810,000		-		-
Debt service - interest	 1,321,744	 791,744		791,744		-		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 78,723,299	\$ 78,723,694	\$	75,465,508	\$	124,080	\$	3,134,106
Other Uses -								
Transfers - out	\$ 1,260,542	\$ 1,280,723	\$	1,263,253	\$	-	\$	17,470
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND								
OTHER USES	\$ 79,983,841	\$ 80,004,417	\$	76,728,761	\$	124,080	\$	3,151,576
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$ -	\$	211,999				
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	 16,953,353	 16,953,353		16,953,353				
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 16,953,353	\$ 16,953,353	\$	17,165,352				

Note to Required Supplementary Information:

A reconciliation is not necessary since encumbrances are presented in a separate column on this schedule.

(See Independent Auditors' Report)

# Supplementary Information HORSEHEADS CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK Schedule of Change From Adopted Budget To Final Budget And The Real Property Tax Limit For Year Ended June 30, 2020

### CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET:

Adopted budget	\$ 79,905,919
Prior year's encumbrances	 77,922
Original Budget	\$ 79,983,841
Budget revisions -	
Donations	10,359
Insurance recovery	 10,217
FINAL BUDGET	\$ 80,004,417

### SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION:

2020-21 voter approved expenditure budget			\$ 82,129,851
Unrestricted fund balance:			
Assigned fund balance		\$ 2,124,080	
Unassigned fund balance		3,285,194	
Total Unrestricted fund balance		\$ 5,409,274	
Less adjustments:			
Appropriated fund balance		\$ 2,000,000	
Encumbrances included in assigned fund balan	ce	 124,080	
Total adjustments		\$ 2,124,080	
General fund fund balance subject to Section 1318	of		
Real Property Tax Law			 3,285,194
ACTUAL PERCENTAGE			 4.00%
(See Independent Auditors' Report)	53		

### Supplementary Information HORSEHEADS CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND Schedule of Project Expenditures For Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Expenditures				Methods of Financing				
	Original	Revised	Prior	Current		Unexpended	Local	State			Fund
Project Title	Appropriation	<b>Appropriation</b>	<b>Years</b>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Total</u>	Balance	Sources	Sources	<b>Transfers</b>	<u>Total</u>	<b>Balance</b>
Unspent capital outlay projects	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 272,920	\$ 272,920	\$ 272,920
2013-14 Capital Project	1,300,000	1,300,000	1,293,700	-	1,293,700	6,300	1,300,000	-	-	1,300,000	6,300
2017-18 Capital Project	94,685,637	94,685,637	15,170,666	20,486,070	35,656,736	59,028,901	10,305,000	-	-	10,305,000	(25,351,736)
2018-19 Center Street Elementary	1,000,000	1,000,000	39,104	876,901	916,005	83,995	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000	83,995
2019-20 Bus Purchase	14,000,000	14,000,000	-	1,144,293	1,144,293	12,855,707	-	-	-	-	(1,144,293)
2019-20 Capital Project	1,000,000	1,000,000	-	-	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000	1,000,000
Smart Schools Bond Act	2,929,862	2,929,862	2,690,465	19,047	2,709,512	220,350		2,709,512		2,709,512	
TOTAL	\$ 114,915,499	\$ 114,915,499	\$ 19,193,935	\$ 22,526,311	\$ 41,720,246	\$ 73,195,253	\$ 13,605,000	\$ 2,709,512	\$ 272,920	\$ 16,587,432	\$ (25,132,814)

### **Supplementary Information**

### HORSEHEADS CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

### **Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds**

### June 30, 2020

				Special						
	Revenue Funds							Total		
	Special		School		Miscellaneous		Debt		Nonmajor	
		Aid	l Lunch		Special Revenue		Service		Governmental	
	Fund		Fund		Fund		<b>Fund</b>		<b>Funds</b>	
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,449	\$	54,403	\$	115,071	\$	4,342,461	\$	4,518,384
Receivables		935,487		157,370		-		-		1,092,857
Inventories		-		213,699		-		-		213,699
Due from other funds		-		-		961		1,995		2,956
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	941,936	\$	425,472	\$	116,032	\$	4,344,456	\$	5,827,896
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	ES									
Liabilities -										
Accounts payable	\$	1,384	\$	17,255	\$	-	\$	-	\$	18,639
Accrued liabilities		2,406		2,136		-		-		4,542
Due to other funds		886,853		16,930		-		-		903,783
Due to other governments		-		165		-		-		165
Unearned revenue		51,293		50,698		-		-		101,991
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	941,936	\$	87,184	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,029,120
Fund Balances -										
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	213,699	\$	-	\$	-	\$	213,699
Restricted		-		-		-		4,344,456		4,344,456
Assigned		_		124,589		116,032		-		240,621
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$	338,288	\$	116,032	\$	4,344,456	\$	4,798,776
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND										
FUND BALANCES	\$	941,936	\$	425,472	\$	116,032	\$	4,344,456	\$	5,827,896

(See Independent Auditors' Report)

### **Supplementary Information**

### HORSEHEADS CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

### Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Special						
		Revenue Fund		Total			
	Special	School	Miscellaneous	Debt	Nonmajor Governmental		
	Aid	Lunch	Special Revenue	Service			
	Fund	<b>Fund</b>	<b>Fund</b>	<u>Fund</u>	<b>Funds</b>		
REVENUES							
Use of money and property	\$ -	\$ 2,835	\$ 670	\$ 151,514	\$ 155,019		
Miscellaneous	5,666	13,396	12,819	-	31,881		
State sources	652,619	31,883	-	-	684,502		
Federal sources	1,667,407	919,871	-	-	2,587,278		
Sales	-	414,791	-	-	414,791		
Premium on obligations issued				319,033	319,033		
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 2,325,692	\$ 1,382,776	\$ 13,489	\$ 470,547	\$ 4,192,504		
EXPENDITURES							
Instruction	\$ 2,241,826	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$ 2,241,826		
Pupil transportation	53,471	-	-	-	53,471		
Employee benefits	113,446	274,912	-	-	388,358		
Cost of sales	-	550,108	-	-	550,108		
Other expenses		933,678			933,678		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 2,408,743	\$ 1,758,698	\$-	\$-	\$ 4,167,441		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ (83,051)	\$ (375,922)	\$ 13,489	\$ 470,547	\$ 25,063		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers - in	\$ 83,051	\$ 180,202	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 263,253		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING							
SOURCES (USES)	\$ 83,051	\$ 180,202	\$ -	\$-	\$ 263,253		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$-	\$ (195,720)	\$ 13,489	\$ 470,547	\$ 288,316		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		534,008	102,543	3,873,909	4,510,460		
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$-	\$ 338,288	\$ 116,032	\$ 4,344,456	\$ 4,798,776		

# Supplementary Information HORSEHEADS CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK Net Investment in Capital Assets For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Capital assets, net		\$ 87,988,259
Deduct:		
Short-term portion of bonds payable	\$ 1,700,000	
Bonds payable	4,525,000	
Assets purchased with short-term financing	26,496,029	
		 32,721,029
Net Investment in Capital Assets		\$ 55,267,230

### **Supplementary Information**

### HORSEHEADS CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Pass-Through		
<u>Grantor / Pass - Through Agency</u>	CFDA	Grantor	Agency	Agency	
Federal Award Cluster / Program	<u>Number</u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>Number</u>	Ex	<u>penditures</u>
U.S. Department of Education:					
Indirect Programs:					
Passed Through NYS Education Department -					
Special Education Cluster IDEA -					
Special Education - Grants to					
States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	N/A	0032-20-0121	\$	956,783
Special Education - Preschool					
Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173	N/A	0033-20-0121		24,852
Total Special Education Cluster IDEA				\$	981,635
Title IIA - Supporting Effective					
Instruction State Grant	84.367	N/A	0147-19-0415		51,263
Title IIA - Supporting Effective					
Instruction State Grant	84.367	N/A	0147-20-0415		65,027
Title IV - Student Support and					
Academic Enrichment Grants	84.424	N/A	0204-20-0415		49,895
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	N/A	0021-20-0415		516,470
Passed through Onondaga-Cortland-Madison B	OCES -				
Title III - English Language Learners	84.365	N/A	0293-20-0697		3,117
Total U.S. Department of Education				\$	1,667,407
U.S. Department of Agriculture:					
Indirect Programs:					
Passed Through NYS Education Department -					
<u>Child Nutrition Cluster</u> -					
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	D039	\$	473,924
National School Lunch Program-Non-Cash	10.555	1.0/11	<b>D</b> (3)	Ψ	+75,72+
Assistance (Commodities)	10.555	N/A	D039		174,670
National School Breakfast Program	10.553	N/A	D039		124,681
Passed Through Elmira City School District	10.555	1.0/11	<b>D</b> (3)		124,001
Child Nutrition Cluster -					
National Summer Food Service Program	10.559	N/A	D039		146,596
Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.557	1.0/11	<b>D</b> (3)	\$	919,871
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				\$	919,871
• 0		DC		<u>Ψ</u>	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDER	XAL AWAR	TD2		\$	2,587,278

(See Independent Auditors' Report)

# Mengel Metzger Barr & Co. 119

Raymond F. Wager, CPA, P.C. division

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards* 

### **Independent Auditors' Report**

To the Board of Education Horseheads Central School District, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Horseheads Central School District, New York, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Horseheads Central School District, New York's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 15, 2020.

### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Horseheads Central School District, New York's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Horseheads Central School District, New York's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Horseheads Central School District, New York's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Horseheads Central School District, New York's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Horseheads Central School District, New York's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mongel, Metzger, Barn & Co. LAP

Rochester, New York September 15, 2020