1. Marking - Pairs:

a.

- Both players laying on ground with eyes closed.
- $\Delta$ 's have ball first.
- Blow first whistle and $\Delta$ 's take off with ball in 60 x 60 yd grid.
- $\quad \otimes$ 's still laying on ground with eyes closed.
- Blow second whistle and $\otimes$ 's get marked on $\Delta^{\prime}$ as quickly as possible.
- Play one-v-one keep away until whistle blows.
- Lay down and switch roles.
b.
- Break into foursomes, 2 pairs.
- Complete same drill passing until whistle blows.
c.
- Entire team, one ball.
- Team must push up to marks as quickly as possible.
- Communication is key.
- Coach sets goals for how fast team marking must be completed in.

2. Halfback Recovery Drill:



- $\otimes$ passes ball to $\triangle$.
- $\otimes$ counts to one-thousand 3 then attacks $\triangle$ from behind.
- $\triangle$ passes ball to other $\Delta$.
- As ball is passed, $Ө$ yells to
 "Step to ball I have your man."
- $\bigotimes_{\text {steps around }} \Delta$ to ball, play 3 ( $-\mathrm{V}-2(\Delta)$ to score with pass over endline.
- Bottom $\triangle$ is not in the play.
- Purpose of the drill is to mark as a team to regain possession of the ball and then attack with speed.
- $\quad$ Switch $\otimes$ and $\Delta_{\text {on offense }}$ and defense.

4. 5-v-4 Marking to Regain Possession:


- The purpose of this drill is to get the defense communicating in their marking responsibilities.
- $4 \Delta$ 's are on defense and $5 \otimes$ 's are on offense.
- Play starts with server beyond midfield. Server passes the ball to the $\otimes$ that is not marked, player checking back to the ball, or player making a diagonal run to open space.
- The defense must push one man to the ball and recover on the remaining marks talking, looking, and listening so that the least dangerous man is left unmarked OR a weak side defender puts themselves in a position to mark 2 men.
- The offense is to use quick one and two touch soccer to find the open man and attack goal.
Make it a game:
- Give the defense 1 point for every clear that reaches the 18 inside the touchlines.
- Give the offense 1 point for a shot on net and 3 points for a goal.


## 5. $4-v-4$ Marking \& Communicating:



- The purpose of this drill is to mark as a team by using the back defender or weak side defender to communicate to the rest of the team.
- $4-\mathrm{v}-4$ in grid 20 x 40 yds wide.
a.
- First defender presses hard, all others behind ball mark tightly.
- Last defender/weak side defender communicates to teammates in front of him. Not one word comments, but short statements, "Push hard to right!" or "I have the ball, you mark \# 7!".
- This defender is the "Captain of the Ship". Without their constant chatter, marking will break down and the team will get scored upon.
- A team scores when they catch the ball in the air over the endline.
a. Start only with hands, players can not run with the ball.
- If a ball is dropped, change possession.
b. Change to all feet.
- A team scores when the ball is passed over the endline.


## 6. Sweeper \& Defensive Recovery:



- This drill is used to help your sweeper and other defenders understand how to slow attackers down to wait for recovering help.
- Set up 10 cones ( ${ }^{*}$ ).
- The coach passes the ball to one of the strikers or midfielders ( $\Delta$ ).
- As the ball reaches the $\Delta$ or on its way the coach blows a whistle signaling the defender $(\otimes)$ in the same line as the $\Delta$ to start their run.
- As the $\Delta_{\text {runs past the defender }}$ the defender must sprint to the cone the $\Delta$ started at and get back to recover while the sweeper steps up to slow the advancing attacker down.
- $\quad$ The $\otimes$ becomes the sweeper and the sweeper becomes the defender marking the $\Delta$.
- The attackers job is to attack goal as quickly as possible to prevent the $\otimes$ from getting back in support.
- If the coach blows the whistle 2 times, the defender $(\otimes)$ defends the striker without running around the cone and the sweeper gets in position to support the defender if he gets beat by the attacker. ( $1-\mathrm{v}-2$ )
- If the coach blows a $3^{\text {rd }}$ whistle then a second attacker from the middle line steps up to make it a $2-\mathrm{v}-2$. The sweeper must communicate with the defender so that they mark man-to-man with no sweeper support.
- A $4^{\text {th }}$ whistle would add another attacker ( $3-\mathrm{v}-2$ )
- The sweepers communication is crucial here. They have to get used to talking in practice so that everyone can here them and understand them in a game.
- "The sweeper is the Boss!"


## 7. Defensive Heading:



- The purpose of this drill is for defenders to clear balls away from their own goal area by heading the ball.
- Use 2 servers near the corner flags close to the endline.
- Place 4 defenders ( $\Delta$ ) inside the 18.
- Have 2 attackers ( $\otimes$ ) play active soccer inside the 18 and place 2 more attackers outside the 18 .
- Play ends when defenders clear the ball outside the 18 in the air with a header.
- OR the 2 attackers score, put the ball over the endline, or the keeper gets possession.
- If the defenders do not clear the ball outside the 18 in the air the 2 attackers outside the 18 can enter the play.
- Continue until the ball is cleared or the 4 attackers score, put the ball over the endline, or the keeper gets possession.
Make a game of it.
- Give defenders one point for every clear outside the 18 in the air with their head.
- Give attackers one point for every shot on net and 2 points for every goal.

